



**An important goal for B&H:
to be a part of NATO and the EU.**

**Open Appeal of over 200 Bosnian and
Herzegovinian Intellectuals for an integrated,
multiethnic and European Bosnia and Herzegovina**

***To be sent to the United Nations, OSCE, USA and
the European Union, as well as to the official state
bodies of Bosnia-Herzegovina***

Sarajevo, December 2011

Concerned as we are for the future of our beautiful, yet tormented homeland, we would like to appeal to you, in the name of the basic values of humanity, to take all the measures in your power to restore and strengthen the democratic, multiethnic and multicultural character of Bosnia and Herzegovina, as a unified, sustainable, functional and prosperous European state.

Under the pressure and even coercion from the international community, the Dayton-Paris Accords were signed (November – December 1995), ending the war in Bosnia and Herzegovina (which lasted between 1992 and 1995). This event has been characterized and appreciated as a positive achievement.

Unfortunately, subsequent events have shown that the cessation of warfare was nearly the only positive outcome of the Accords, with regard to the reestablishment of Bosnia and Herzegovina as a functional democratic state.

Some of the solutions of the Dayton-Paris Accords, which then appeared essential as a part of the imperative of stopping the armed conflict, are not in accordance with international democratic standards, and have proven to create insurmountable obstacles in all aspects of the reintegration of Bosnia and Herzegovina as a unified state of equal citizens and peoples.

The Dayton-Paris Accords even changed the name of our country, eliminating from its title the word “Republic” which was, however, left in the name of one of the entities.

This resulted in a legalization of a situation established by force and by a policy of genocide and other practices of the elements which first envisioned, undertook and waged the war. Administrative structures were formed which had no foundation in our tradition and which do not fit within the standards of other multi-national democratic states.

The entities, established by the Accords, generally failed to comply with the two basic provisions of the agreement - those of bringing to justice and punishing those responsible for crimes, and the achievement of the return of refugees and displaced persons to their homes.

What failed to happen after the Accords were signed was the removal from all government structures of those who designed, initiated and waged the war (as was done in the effort to de-Nazify Germany after the Second World War). These factors have, as a result, remained politically active to this day.

In addition, because of inadequate provision for the return of refugees and displaced persons, the national structure of the population of Bosnia and Herzegovina has been altered.

In these circumstances, the idea of entity voting is abused, thus making the disintegration-oriented nationalist forces dominant, while the influence of democratic, integration-oriented efforts in Bosnian society has been completely deposed and marginalized. In this way, any initiative to change the current untenable situation, and to establish a truly democratic, multiethnic and multicultural society - devoid of discrimination and apartheid on the basis of national, religious, political or other grounds - by improving the constitutional setup or other means, is completely blocked.

Our assessment that this situation is unsustainable is supported by a ruling made by the European Court of Human Rights, which has stated that the constitutional system of Bosnia and Herzegovina is discriminatory and contrary to the European Convention on Human Rights. This ruling, like all other positive initiatives, has been completely ignored.

Renowned analysts have warned about the seriousness of the situation in all spheres of life in Bosnia and Herzegovina, regardless of the entity or national origin of its citizens.

The artificial borders between the entities, established under pressure of military force by the international community under the Dayton Agreement, have been the main culprits for the demise of Bosnia's conglomerate companies, which were once primary movers of the export of goods and services from the country. In many cases, the management of such companies would remain in one entity, and its plants and factories in the other. With the current poor governance of our fragmented state at all levels of government, it is no surprise that currently, 16 years after the Dayton peace was set up, the export of goods and services from both entities constitutes only half of its scope in 1990. And for that reason, our country's foreign debt continues to grow exponentially.

Therefore, radical changes need to be made. This means that the BH democratic civil society, together with the international community, must enter the very difficult and essential process of changing its current overall, long-term negative nationalistic status-quo, which does not allow for any progress or hope for the future. It also means that Bosnia-Herzegovina must be rebuilt as a unified, multiethnic, functional European state, after having been first brutally destroyed by war and then not having been fundamentally reconstructed in the Dayton-Paris Accords (1995).

One of the practical results of the destruction of the state is the hate speech that some leading politicians in the country exhibit today.

It is also clear that the current situation points to possible new agony for the residents of Bosnia and Herzegovina, and to a new hotspot of instability, both on the regional and on the international scale.

Despite public awareness that the peace and future of Bosnia and Herzegovina must be the result of efforts by its domestic powers, we are very much convinced that the political situation in the country, and the composition of the delegates elected in the recent elections (held 03 October 2010) are not such that any vital decisions, which would bring about the necessary changes to our current undemocratic and artificially-imposed constitution, could be made without significant intervention by the international community.

An additional important point towards this claim is the fact that this very constitution, which now serves as a major obstacle to the reintegration and functioning of the State of Bosnia and Herzegovina, was adopted in Dayton (in November, 1995) under the direct guidance and oversight of the international community - which today, through its vast Bonn powers, attempts to control the situation in the country.

The Dayton Agreement was signed without the knowledge of our citizens, Similarly, neither the legal Presidency of the State of Bosnia and Herzegovina, which was recognized by the United Nations in 1992, and which, under the Constitution valid 16 years ago, was the only authority with the power to make a decision to sign the Dayton Peace Accords, ever made such a decision, nor was such a decision reached by the Parliamentary Assembly of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Currently, fourteen months (as of December 2011) after the officially labelled 'free elections' were held (October 2011), the dominant nationalist forces have made it impossible for the government or the Council of Ministers of BiH to be established. This proves that the state of Bosnia and Herzegovina, as destructively broken, cannot function normally under its current law, that it is unable to develop its economy, or to protect the human rights of its citizens within the country and abroad. Nor can it even protect its own sovereignty from the interference of neighboring states.

Dear Excellencies and esteemed dignitaries

For this reason, we are adding to our "Open Appeal" an outline of certain political solutions and constitutional principles which, if implemented, could, in our opinion, initiate the rebuilding of a complete and unified, multiethnic and multicultural, and viable and functional European state of Bosnia and Herzegovina as the only true way to achieve the salvation of the country and the resolution of the greatest political and existential crisis in its contemporary history.

Firstly, we believe that it is essential that we ensure:

1. Efficient safeguarding of guaranteed human rights and liberties, with a guarantee that these rights can be exercised throughout the entire territory of the country, with no exceptions or discrimination of any sort;
2. The instruments for implementing collective rights in equal measure for all citizens, peoples and national minorities of Bosnia and Herzegovina, as well as for exercising the right to regional and local self-governance in accordance with the European Convention on Human Rights and the European Charter of Local Self-Government;
3. An implementation of the process of regional cooperation in an equal measure with all our neighbours, without national favouritism and protectionism (parallel individual relations between the entities and neighbouring states should be carried out in the form of regional cross-border cooperation, and in the spirit of accepted European practices);
4. The establishing of a rational and efficient organization of state authority at all levels, in accordance with recognized standards that apply in progressive democratic states. The authority will base its legitimacy solely on the state identity and sovereignty of Bosnia and Herzegovina, as a state of equal peoples. The right to national veto should be retained only in the House of Peoples, which should be further established as a true guarantee of equality for all the peoples and national minorities of the country;
5. The establishment of internal regionalization, without nationalist terminology, into an organized and functional state of Bosnia-Herzegovina, utilizing the positive centuries-old traditions which connected people and cultures among regions, and which must counteract the results of genocide as defined in the Convention for the Prevention and Punishment of Genocide, adopted unanimously by the General Assembly of the United Nations in 1948. This includes as an authentic priority the organization into modern districts, on the pattern of the District of Brcko, the areas

most profoundly affected by genocide of the pre-war majority Croatian population of Bosanska Posavina (along the Sava River) and the pre-war majority Bosniak population in Eastern Bosnia, including Srebrenica.

6. Conditions that will permit focused and accelerated efforts towards Bosnia and Herzegovina's accession to Euro-Atlantic integration.

In the interim period, until a new Constitution of Bosnia and Herzegovina is adopted, it is possible to restore legal authority to the Constitution of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina, which was unconstitutionally suspended under the Dayton Accords, without the consent of the country's citizens.

The last constitution adopted by the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina (1990) represents the most recent appropriate, fair, and thus legitimate solution for the constitutional organisation of our state. This constitution put an end to communism and enabled the first multi-party elections to be held in 1990. It also enabled the referendum on the country's independence, which took place on 1 March 1992, on the grounds of which the United Nations recognised Bosnia and Herzegovina as an independent state. The constitution also ensured that all citizens had equal rights throughout the territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina, regardless of their ethnicity or religion, which is not the case with the imposed Dayton constitution. It is clear that no-one has the right to subsequently question or review the decision by citizens which was made under entirely free and democratic conditions.

The Dayton model of the constitution is in fact just one of the Appendices of the Dayton Peace Accords and does not correspond to the standard of a constitutional act. For that reason, Bosnia and Herzegovina is portrayed as "a constitutional state" when it is, in fact, being operated without a legitimate constitution.

In our opinion, the new Constitution of Bosnia and Herzegovina, which would then have a European character, should incorporate the following basic principles:

1. Bosnia and Herzegovina should be a secular state of all its constituent citizens and nationalities: its three major "constituent peoples" - Bosniaks, Serbs, and Croats - as well as all other minorities (including "mixed") that live in it. Bosnia and Herzegovina should be based on the rule of law and social justice, as well as on the principles of participatory civil democracy, human and minority rights and liberties, environmental protection, international cooperation and a market economy, and on integration with European principles and socio-historical values.
2. Original sovereignty must be attributed to the state of Bosnia and Herzegovina, and must be derived exclusively from the rights of all its citizens and peoples. No state organ, political organization, group, individual or nation, can exclusively expropriate the original sovereignty or any part of the original sovereignty of the state, or set up authority outside the original sovereignty.
3. The legal system should be unified. Political authority rests on the division of power into legislative, executive and judicial power. The House of Representatives exercises the legislative power according to the principle of democratic vote, and in accordance with constitutional provisions. The House of Peoples protects the vital collective interests of all the peoples and ethnic minorities alike, along with the implementation of certain instruments as specified by the Constitution. The executive power is exercised by the Government of Bosnia and Herzegovina, which is formed on the basis of competence, and in such a way as to also reflect the national balance of the population of Bosnia and Herzegovina (according to the 1991 census).

4. The judicial authority should be independent from political and any other form of influence; in that sense, the Supreme Court of Bosnia and Herzegovina, which had existed since 1909 (during the Austria-Hungarian rule), and which was unconstitutionally eliminated (1997) by agreement of the three dominant nationalist parties in the post-Dayton period (SDA, SDS, HDZ), must be re-established.
5. The function of the President of the State is to be carried out by a citizen of B-H elected to a term of four years in a general election for the entire nation, which open access to active and passive right to vote of all citizens.
6. The control of the state border will be under the jurisdiction of the state of Bosnia and Herzegovina. Only the state of Bosnia and Herzegovina has decision rights over the citizenship of its residents.
7. The State of Bosnia and Herzegovina is to have its own armed forces, police and security institutions, while lower levels of government also have their own appropriate police agencies. The territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina is indissoluble and cannot be divided under any legal act. The property inherited by Bosnia and Herzegovina in 1991, after separation from the Socialist Federative Republic of Yugoslavia, shall remain the property of the State of Bosnia and Herzegovina, and may not be subject to any agreements or compromises.
8. Bosnia and Herzegovina is a secular State whose religious communities are separate from the State. No religion can be established as a state or mandatory religion, nor can any religious holiday be considered a state holiday.
9. All people are equal under the Constitution and the law. All citizens have equal rights to protection of the law without discrimination. The right to life and property is inviolable.
10. The economic setup of Bosnia and Herzegovina is based on a market economy, an open and free market, freedom of entrepreneurship, independent market participants, and an equality of private and other forms of property. Bosnia and Herzegovina should be a unified economic area, with a unified market for goods, labour, capital and services.
11. The foreign policy of the country must rest on generally recognized principles and rules of international law, and must fall within the authority of the original state sovereignty.
12. The provisions of the Constitution, which ensure the collective national rights, and the right to regional and local self-governance, must also ensure protection against the possible abuse of these rights, especially in terms of blocking the work of the Parliament and other state institutions, or hindering the functioning of the state as such.
13. Segregation in educational institutions and lack of tolerance towards others should be prevented on the basis of provisions included in the Constitution. Also, all state Institutions, at all levels of government, should be urged to take into account the modern role of science, education, culture and art, and the fact that these areas should be financed according to models existing in developed European countries, in order to ensure the welfare of citizens and foster a community spirit.

In view of all of the above, we must insist that, prior to any future discussion on constitutional amendments and a new Constitution, a constitutional convention is established, which would, alongside representatives of political structures, also include, under equal status, other non-party figures, including ours, i.e. the IA-14.

The law on the process of adopting a new constitution and international arbitrage should be structured in such a way that, in the case of any disputes, the decision on the constitutional convention should be referred without delay to an arbitrage commission, composed of constitutional law experts selected by the Peace Implementation Council Steering Board. The arbiters should make decisions on the basis of modern European standards for multinational states, and not on the basis of the Dayton solutions imposed by the war.

Over 200 signatories of the “Open Appeal” have, as proof of their participation, submitted their identification numbers to the Editorial Board of the 14 Appeal Initiators, the IA-14, who are thus authorized to sign the Appeal and all accompanying letters on behalf of all the signatories):

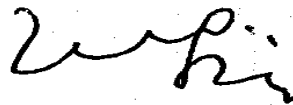
INITIATORS OF THE APPEAL (IA - 14)

Intellectuals from Bosnia and Herzegovina, residing in the country or abroad, signatories of the Appeal (*listed alphabetically by last name*):

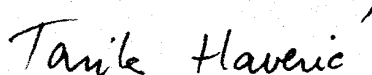
1. Mr. Jakob Finci, iur Corresponding member BHAAAS – BH American Academy of Arts and Science; President, Jewish Community of Bosnia and Herzegovina; currently serving as BiH Ambassador to Switzerland



2. Mr. Jure Galić President, Union of Antifascists and Soldiers in the War for National Liberation



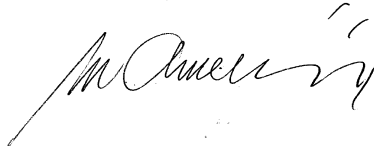
3. Assistant Professor Dr Tarik Haverić, PhD, Professor of Political and Legal Systems in BiH, University of Zenica



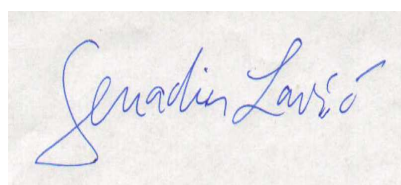
4. Professor Tomislav Išek, PhD, Professor of BiH Modern History, Faculty of Philosophy, University of Tuzla



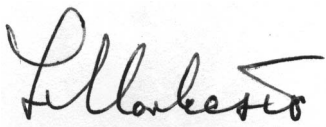
5. Milorad Krunić, B.A. Economics, President, “Prosveta” Serb Society for Culture, Sarajevo, BiH



6. Prof. dr Senadin Lavić, President of the Bosniaks Association of Culture (BAC), Sarajevo, B & H



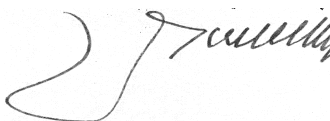
7. Friar Luka Markešić, PhD, Professor, President, Croatian National Council, Sarajevo, BiH



8. Academician Dejan Milošević, Corresponding member of the Academy of Science and Arts of BiH (ANUBiH), researcher in atomic, molecular and optical physics, and Professor, Faculty of Natural Science, University of Sarajevo



9. Professor Nedžad Mulabegović, ScD, President, Council of the Congress of Bosniak Intellectuals, Sarajevo, Professor, Faculty of Medicine, University Sarajevo



10. Professor Muris Osmanagić, PhD, Recipient of the highest award for science in the Former Yugoslavia – the AVNOJ Award for 1982



11. Academician Professor emeritus Dr. Branislava Peruničić, Vice-President, ANUBiH, Sarajevo, BiH



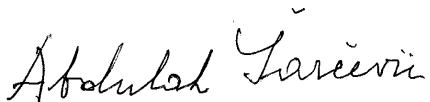
12. Academician Professor Vladimir Premec, PhD, Secretary, Department of Humanistic Studies, Academy of Sciences and Arts of BiH (ANUBiH), Faculty of Philosophy, University of Sarajevo, President of the Croatian Society of Science and Arts, Bosnia and Herzegovina



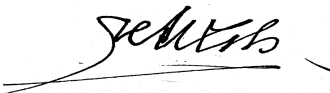
13. Sretko Radišić, BSc Eng., President, Serb Civil Council, Bosnia and Herzegovina



14. Academician Abdulah Šarčević, Member of ANUBiH, Faculty of Philosophy, University of Sarajevo



15. Mr. Schlomo Bar Giyora (Vladimir) Zupković, BSc Chemical Engineering, Consultant and Expert Associate, Caduri Center Laboratories, Lower Galilee, (Nazareth, Haifa,), Israel, BiH expatriate



The Signatories of the „Open Appeal“

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2.	Midhat Ajanović, PhD	Film-maker, Author, Professor at University Trollhättan	Trollhättan, Sweden
3.	Haris Alibašić, MPA, PhD Candidate	President of the Congress of North American Bosniaks	Grand Rapids, Michigan, USA
4.	Professor emeritus . Ibrahim Arnautović PhD	Professor, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
5.	Kenan Arnautović, MD, FACS, PhD	Semmes-Murhey Clinic, Memphis; former president of BHAAAS	Memphis, Tennessee, USA
6.	Professor Friar Mile Babić, PhD	Dean, Franciscan Theological Faculty, Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
7.	Professor Haša Bajraktarević-Dobran, PhD	Associate Professor of the Faculty of Civil Engineering, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
8.	Esad Bajtal, PhD	Independent researcher, editor-in-chief of the journal “Glas antifašista”, (The Antifascist Voice), Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
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10.	Professor Hasan Balić, PhD	Professor, Faculty of Law, University of Travnik, , former Justice of Supreme Court of BiH, former President of the BiH Council for Cooperation with the Hague ICTY	Sarajevo, BiH
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19.	Professor Safet Brdarević, PhD	Professor of Mechanical Engineering Faculty and Pro-Rector of the University of Zenica	Zenica, BiH
20.	Professor Ivan Bubalo, PhD	Professor of the Franciscan School of Theology Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
21.	Svetlana Broz, MD	Cardiologist, Author, Lecturer and Director of NGO “Gariwo” Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
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29.	Professor Smail Čekić, PhD	Professor, Faculty of Political Science, University of Sarajevo, and Director, Institute for Research of Crimes Against Humanity and International Law	Sarajevo, BiH
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48.	Professor Ivan Filipović, PhD	Professor, Faculty of Mechanical Engineering, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
49.	Ambassador Jakob Finci	Corres. member BHAAS , President of Jewish Community in BiH, Ambassador of BiH in Switzerland	Sarajevo, BiH / Bern, Switzerland
50.	Professor Ognjenka Finci, PhD	Professor, Faculty of Architecture and Academy of Graphic Arts, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
51.	Professor Ešref Gačanin, PhD	Director, IPSA Institute for Research and Design and Professor at Faculty of Communications	Sarajevo, BiH
52.	Academician Professor Ejup Ganić, PhD	ANUBiH member, President and Chancellor, SSST University, Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
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62.	Academician Professor Rešid Hafizović, PhD	Professor at the Faculty of Islamic Studies, University of Sarajevo, BiH, Member of Islamic Academy of Science Iran	Sarajevo, BiH
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65.	Prof. dr. Elvedin Hanić	Professor at Faculty of Philosophy and the Rector of University of Tuzla	Mostar / Sarajevo, BiH
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70.	Prof. dr. Vesna Hercegovac-Pašić	Architect-Urban designer, Faculty of Architecture, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH

71.	Aden Hodžić, PhD	Senior Researcher, Research Center of Pharmaceutical Engineering and Science	Graz, Austria
72.	Emir Hodžić, D.V.M. PhD	Center for Comparative Medicine, Director of Real-Time PCR Research & Diagnostic Core Facility, School of Veterinary Medicine, Univ. of California at Davis; member BHAAAS	Davis, California, USA
73.	Professor Migdat Hodžić, PhD	Profesor at Santa Clara University, California; Member of BHAAAS	Cupertino, California, USA
74.	Associate Professor Nedin Hodžić, PhD	Associate Professor, Mechanical Engineering Faculty, University of Zenica	Zenica, BiH
75.	Academician Professor Dževad Hozo, PhD	ANUBiH member, Academic painter, Professor, Academy of Visual Arts, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
76.	Professor Izet Hozo, PhD	Faculty of Medicine, University of Split	Split, Croatia
77.	Associate Professor Rešad Husagić, PhD	Associate Professor at the Faculty of Mining Geology and Civil Engineering and General Director, Mine of Lignite at Kreka	Kreka, BiH
78.	Professor Omer Ibrahimagić, PhD	Faculty of Political Science, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
79.	Academician Nedžad Ibrišimović	ANUBiH corresponding member, author, and sculptor	Podlugovi, BiH
80.	Professor Tomislav Išek, PhD	Professor of Modern History, University of Tuzla	Tuzla, BiH
81.	Zerina Jašarević, PhD, MD	Pathologist, Specialist in Biomedicine and Breast Cancer	Voralberg, Austria
82.	Professor Anton Jekauc, PhD	Director of the Institute for Strategic Research, Sarajevo, and Head of the Croatian Society of Science and Arts - B&H	Sarajevo, BiH
83.	Smail Jonuz, Bc Law	President of the Party of the Diaspora of Bosnia and Herzegovina in Chicago, USA	Chicago, Illinois, USA
84.	Professor Pavo Juriši, PhD	Dean, Catholic Theological Faculty in Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
85.	Associate Professor Lejla Jusić	Academic Musician, soloist, Academy of Theatrical Arts, Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
86.	Academician Professor Dževad Juzbašić, PhD	Member of ANUBiH, Historian of the Austro-Hungarian period	Sarajevo, BiH
87.	Professor David Kamhi	Professor of Violin, Emeritus professor at the Academy of Music, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
88.	Mustafa Kapidžić, Bs.C.	Film Director, Editor-in-Chief of Publishing House KultB	Sarajevo, BiH
89.	Academician Professor Hanifa Kapidžić-Osmanagić, PhD	ANUBiH Member, Faculty of Philosophy, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
90.	Professor Isak Karabegović, PhD	Faculty of Technical Engineering, Bihać	Bihać, BiH
91.	Professor Aleksandar Karač, PhD	Professor at the Faculty of Mechanical Engineering, University of Zenica	Zenica, BiH
92.	Professor Dževad Karahasan, PhD	Author and professor, Faculty of Philosophy, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
93.	Assoc. Professor Eldin Karaikovic, MD, PhD	Northwestern University, Chicago; former president BHAAAS	Chicago, Illinois, USA
94.	Professor fra Marko Karamatić, PhD	Franciscan Theological Faculty Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH

95.	Professor Munib Karavdic, PhD	Australian School of Business, UNSW; Strategy Principal, AMP Financial Services	Sidney, Australia
96.	Professor Vlado Kerošević	Dean, Academy of Dramatic Arts, University of Tuzla	Tuzla, BiH
97.	Stjepan Kljujić, Bs.C.	Journalist, former pre-war and war-time Member of the Presidency of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina	Sarajevo, BiH
98.	Professor Aleksandar Knežević, PhD	Professor, Faculty of Mechanical Engineering, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
99.	Associate Professor Hajro Kofrc, PhD	Dean, Faculty of Law, University of Tuzla	Tuzla, BiH
100.	Professor Ivo Komšić, PhD	Professor of Philosophy and Dean of the Philosophical Faculty, Univ. of Sarajevo; member of the wartime Presidium of the Republic of Bosnia-Herzegovina, former president of the Croatian National Council	Sarajevo, BiH
101.	Professor Safet Kozarević, PhD	Dean, Faculty of Economics, University of Tuzla	Tuzla, BiH
102.	Professor Azem Kožar, PhD	Professor, Faculty of Philosophy, University of Tuzla	Tuzla, BiH
103.	Professor Metka Krajgher-Hozo	Professor, Academy of Visual Arts, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
104.	Aida Kršo, BSc	Researcher, Institute of Language, Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
105.	Mišo Krunić, BSc, Ecc	President, "Prosveta" Serb Cultural Society, BiH	Sarajevo, BiH
106.	Professor Slavo Kukić, PhD	Professor and Vice-Dean, Faculty of Economics, University of Mostar	Mostar, BiH
107.	Mr. Džafer Kulenović	Banker	Chicago, Illinois, USA
108.	Professor Senadin Lavić, PhD	Faculty of Political Science, University of Sarajevo, President of Bosniak Cultural Society (BZK) of BiH	Sarajevo, BiH
109.	Miro Lazović, BSc Politology	First President of the Parliament of Bosnia and Herzegovina (1992-1996) and Member of the War-time Presidency of Bosnia and Herzegovina	Sarajevo, BiH
110.	Academician Professor Lidija Lincender-Cvijetić, PhD	Corresponding Member of the Academy of Sciences and Arts B&H (ANUBiH)	Sarajevo, BiH
111.	Academician Professor Slobodan Loga, PhD	Vice-President of the Academy of Sciences and Arts (ANUBiH)	Sarajevo, BiH
112.	Naim Logić, PhD, PE	SRP Computer Application; Electro-generating Power System Arizona - "Salt River Project"	Arizona, USA
113.	Professor Milka Maksimović, PhD	Professor of Chemistry, at the Faculty of Science, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
114.	Professor Mirjana Malić, PhD	Professor, Faculty of Dentistry, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
115.	Professor Rajka Mandić, PhD	Professor and Designer, Faculty of Architecture, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
116.	Professor fra Luka Markešić, PhD	President, Croatian National Council (HNV) Professor at the Franciscan Theological Faculty, University Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
117.	Academician Professor Juraj Martinović, PhD	Member of the Academy of Sciences and Arts (ANUBiH)	Sarajevo, BiH
118.	Academician Professor	Faculty of Electrical Engineering, President	Sarajevo, BiH

	Božidar Matić, PhD	of Academy of Sciences and Arts (ANUBiH), Former Chancellor of Univ. of Sarajevo	
119.	Professor Behdžet Mesihović, PhD	Professor at Civil Engineering Faculty, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
120.	Mr. Željko Milićević	President, Justice for Bosnia Task Force, Ottawa	Ottawa, Canada
121.	Sladana Miljanović, M.Sc. Arch.	Assistant at the Faculty of Architecture, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
122.	Academician Professor Dejan Milošević, PhD	ANUBiH corresponding member, Professor of atomic, molecular and optical physics, Faculty of Natural Sciences, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
123.	Professor emeritus Zoran Mladenović, PhD	Professor, Faculty of Medicine and Faculty of Stomatology, University Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
124.	Academician Professor Ferid Muhić, PhD	Professor of Sociology and Anthropology University of Skopje, President of Bosniak Academy and Arts	Skopje, Macedonia
125.	Professor Nedžad Mulabegović, PhD	President, Council of Congress of Bosniak Intellectuals (VKBI), Faculty of Medicine University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
126.	Associate Professor Rasim Muratović, PhD	Senior Research Associate, Institute for Research of Crimes Against Humanity and International Law	Sarajevo, BiH
127.	Associate Professor Džemil Najetović, PhD	University Lecturer in the Social Sciences, International University "Philip Noel Baker" Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
128.	Professor Muris Osmanagić, PhD	Recipient of the highest award for science in the former Yugoslavia – the AVNOJ Award (1982); Emeritus Professor of Mining and Energy Sciences at Tuzla and Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
129.	Professor Adila Pašalić-Kreso, PhD	ANUBiH Corresponding Member, Professor, Faculty of Philosophy, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
130.	Professor Djenita Pasic, PhD	Univ. of Louisville School of Law; Bordeaux Business School; president BHAAAS	Bordeaux, France / Louisville, Kentucky, USA
131.	Professor Resad Pasic, PhD	Director of Section of Minimally Invasive Surgery, professor of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Univ. of Louisville Medical School; first vice-president of BHAAAS	Louisville, Kentucky, USA
132.	Mr. Zaim Pašić	Bosnia and Herzegovina World Network Diaspora, United Kingdom	Birmingham, UK
133.	Professor Zijad Pašić	Faculty of Mining, Geology & Civil Engineering, University of Tuzla; former Federal Minister of Education and Science in the Federation of BiH	Tuzla, BiH
134.	Amina Pehlić, MSc	Assistant at Islamic Pedagogical Faculty, University of Zenica	Zenica, BiH
135.	Associate Professor Izet Pehlić, PhD	Associate Professor of Science in Pedagogy at the University of Zenica	Zenica, BiH
136.	Professor Enes Pelidija, PhD	Professor of Ottoman History, Faculty of Philosophy, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
137.	Academician Professor Branislava Peruničić, PhD	Vice-President of ANUBiH, Professor Emeritus, Faculty of Electrical Engineering, Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
138.	Associate Professor	Professor, Faculty of Philosophy and former	Tuzla, BiH

	Marica Petrović, PhD	Vice Dean for Science, Research and Development, University of Tuzla	
139.	Mirza Popovac, PhD	Researcher, Austrian Institute of Technology	Vienna, Austria
140.	Academician Professor Vladimir Premec, PhD	ANUBiH Member, Professor, Faculty of Philosophy, University of Sarajevo, President of the Croatian Society of Science and Arts of Bosnia and Herzegovina	Sarajevo, BiH
141.	Professor Naser Prljača, PhD	Electrotechnical Faculty, University of Tuzla, Pro-Rector, University of Tuzla	Tuzla, BiH
142.	Sretko Radišić, B.Sc.El.	President, Serb Civil Council (SGV) in Bosnia and Herzegovina	Sarajevo, BiH
143.	Emir Ramić, MSc	Director, Genocide Research Institute, Canada	Hamilton, Canada
144.	Professor Šukrija Ramić, PhD	Associate Professor of Philosophy of Islamic Law, Dean, Islamic Pedagogical Faculty, University of Zenica	Zenica, BiH
145.	Academician Professor Sulejman Redžić, PhD	Corresponding Member of the Academy of Sciences and Arts B&H (ANUBiH), Professor, Faculty of Natural Sciences, University of Sarajevo, President of the Independent Intellectual Circle 99 Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
146.	Academician Teodor Romanić	ANUBiH member, Emeritus Professor, Academy of Music, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
147.	Mrs. Almijana Rudić	Advisor, Embassy of Bosnia and Herzegovina, Israel	Tel Aviv, Israel
148.	Nadira Šabanović-Behlilović, PhD	Professional Consultant, Sabanci University, Istanbul	Istanbul, Turkey
149.	Amer Sabitovic, MSc Engineering	President of the Bosnian Academic Circle, Munich	Munich, Germany
150.	Professor Čazim Sadiković, PhD	Professor of International Law, Faculty of Law, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
151.	Academician Professor Dževad Sarač, PhD	Member of the Academy of Sciences and Arts of Bosnia and Herzegovina (ANUBiH)	Sarajevo, BiH
152.	Sanja Seferović-Drnovšek, MSc	Director of Bosnian-American Genocide Institute and Educational Center, Chicago	Chicago, Illinois, USA
153.	Professor Zarije Seizović, PhD	University researcher and instructor of International Law, Faculty of Political Sciences, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
154.	Academician Abdulah Sidran	Poet and Member of the Academy of Sciences and Arts of Bosnia and Herzegovina (ANUBiH)	Sarajevo, BiH
155.	Professor Adnan Silajdžić, PhD	Professor, Faculty of Islamic Sciences, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
156.	Professor Josip Sliško, PhD	Professor of Physics, University Puebla, Mexico	Puebla, Mexico
157.	Professor Hrustem Smailhodžić, PhD	Professor, Faculty of Islamic Sciences, University of Sarajevo	Tuzla, BiH
158.	Zekerijah Smajić, BSc Journalism	Journalist and publicist, European Integrations specialist	Sarajevo, BiH
159.	Senada Softić-Telalović, MSc	Chair, Australian Council of Bosnian - Herzegovinian Organisations	Melbourne, Australia
160.	Professor Džemal Sokolović, PhD	Professor of Political Sciences, Bergen, Norway	Bergen, Norway
161.	Professor Besim Spahić, PhD	Faculty of Political Science, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
162.	Professor Muriz Spahić, PhD	Professor, Faculty of Natural Sciences and Mathematics, former Dean of Faculty,	Sarajevo, BiH

		University of Sarajevo	
163.	Prof. Mustafa ef. Spahić	Professor at Gazi Husrevbeg Medresa	Sarajevo, BiH
164.	Sead Spužić, PhD, Senior Researcher	Professor of Automatics at the University of South Australia, Adelaide	Adelaide, Australia
165.	Gordan Srkalović, MD, PhD, FACP	Director, Sector of Clinical Research, Sparrow Cancer Centre, Clinical Associate Professor, Dept. of Medicine, School of Medicine, Michigan State University	Lansing, Michigan USA
166.	Professor Milan Stević, PhD	Faculty of Mining, Geological and Construction Studies, University of Tuzla	Tuzla, BiH
167.	Slavka Sufi-Mičić, MSc	Association for Integral Ecology and Development	Tuzla, BiH
168.	Academician Professor Abdulah Šarčević, PhD	ANUBiH member, Professor of Philosophy, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
169.	Academician Professor Edin Šarčević, PhD	ANUBiH Member, Asst. Professor, Faculty of Law, University of Leipzig, Member of ANUBiH, President, Centre for Public Law (CJP), Leipzig	Leipzig, Germany
170.	Professor fra Ivan Šarčević, PhD	Franciscan Theological Faculty, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
171.	Academician Professor Taib Šarić, PhD	ANUBiH member, Faculty of Agricultural and Food Sciences, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
172.	Professor Lada Šestić-Ćurić, PhD	Professor of English Language, French Language and Literature, Philosophical Faculty, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
173.	Professor Dubravka Šoljan, PhD	Department of Biology, Faculty of Natural Sciences and Mathematics, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
174.	Professor Lamija Tanović, PhD	Professor of Physics, Faculty of Science, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
175.	Professor Nenad Tanović, PhD	Professor of Electronics, , Faculty of Science, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
176.	Associate Professor Elma Tataragić	Scenarist, Academy of Theatrical Arts, Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
177.	Professor Dzevad Termiz	Professor of Methodology of Social Systems, Faculty of Political Science, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
178.	Academician Professor Boris Tihi, PhD	Member of the Academy of Sciences and Arts B&H (ANUBiH), Prof. of Economics	Sarajevo, BiH
179.	Professor Amir Tokić, PhD	Professor of Electronics, Dean of Faculty of Electrical Engineering, University of Tuzla	Tuzla, BiH
180.	Saša Toperić, MSc, PhD	Pianist, diplomat and human rights activist	Washington, U.S.A.
181.	Academician Professor Miloš Trifković, PhD	Member of the Academy of Sciences and Arts - Bosnia and Herzegovina (ANUBiH)	Sarajevo, BiH
182.	Academician Professor Mladen Trković, PhD	ANUBiH member, Professor emeritus, Zagreb	Sarajevo, BiH / Zagreb, Croatia
183.	Professor Šemso Tucaković, PhD	Faculty of Political Science, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
184.	Professor Dinko Tughtar, PhD	Adjunct Professor (retired) at University of Manitoba, Winnipeg	Winnipeg, Canada
185.	Associate Professor Emir Turkušić, PhD	Faculty of Natural Science, University of Sarajevo, former Minister of Science and Education for the Sarajevo Canton	Sarajevo, BiH
186.	Academician Professor Zlatko Ugljen, PhD	ANUBiH member, architect, designer, Professor at the Faculty of Architecture, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
187.	Professor Bahrija Umihanić, PhD	Professor at the Faculty of Economics, University of Tuzla	Tuzla, BiH

188.	Academician Professor Midhat Usčuplić, PhD	ANUBiH member, Professor at Faculty of Forestry, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
189.	Professor Velimir Valjan, PhD	Franciscan Theological Faculty, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
190.	Professor Naila Valjevac, PhD	Scientific Advisor, Institute for Language, Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
191.	Associate Professor Mensur Vegara, PhD	Programme Coordinator, Department of International Environment and Development Studies NORAGRIC, Norwegian University of Life Sciences UMB	Aas, Norway
192.	Marko Vešović, Professor	Writer and Professor at Faculty of Philosophy, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
193.	Academician fra Petar-Perica Vidić	ANUBiH member, Saint Anthony's Franciscan Monastery, Bistrik	Sarajevo, BiH
194.	Academician Professor Mihovil Vlahinić, PhD	Member of the Academy of Sciences and Arts B&H (ANUBiH)	Sarajevo, BiH
195.	Professor Slavenka Vobornik, PhD	Vice Chancellor for Teaching, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
196.	Professor Benedikt Vujica, PhD	Professor, Franciscan Theological Faculty, Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
197.	Academician Mehmed Zaimović	Renowned artist and ANUBiH member	Sarajevo, BiH
198.	Safet Zec	Renowned graphic artist, who works both in Venice and Sarajevo	Venice, Italy / Sarajevo, BiH
199.	Professor Behija Zlatar, PhD	Expert associate and Director of the Oriental Institute, Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
200.	Professor Muhamed Zlatar, PhD	Professor, Faculty of Civil Engineering, University of Sarajevo, BiH	Sarajevo, BiH
201.	Schlomo Bar Giyora (Vladimir) Zupković, BSc	Specialist in Bio-energy and Bio-analysis, Ecologist, Consultant and Associate Expert, Caduri Center Laboratories, Lower Galilee	Nazareth, Haifa, Ako, Tiberias, Israel
202.	Jasna Žalica, professor	Actress and Professor at the Academy of Theatrical Arts, University of Sarajevo	Sarajevo, BiH
203.	Pjer Žalica, professor	Director at Academy of Theatrical Arts; Refresh Productions	Sarajevo, BiH
204.	Professor Miodrag Živanović	Professor at Faculty of Philosophy, University of Banja Luka	Banja Luka, BiH